The West of Scotland Herring Hunt



The importance of Atlantic herring & how YOU can help west coast populations

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WHY HERRING?

Economic importance, heritage & identity in Scotland

- First herring fishery records from 860 AD
- In the mid-19th to 20th centuries, herring fisheries boomed, making up ~1/3 of the global catch
- Herring provided income and social development to coastal communities where job prospects were limited
 - Female 'paid' labour
 - Crofter fishermen









EVOLUTION OF THE INDUSTRY

Drift netting



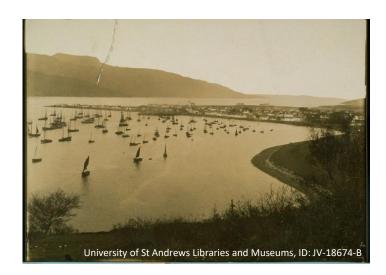
Ring netting



Mid-water trawl

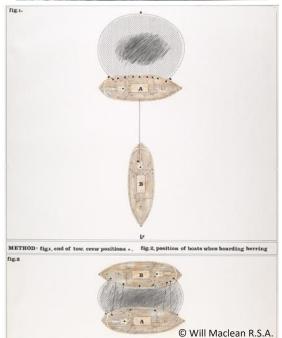


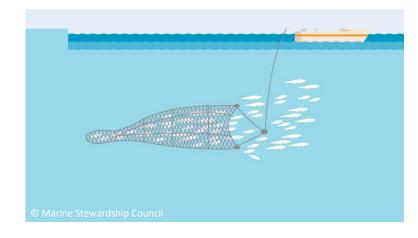
Purse seine

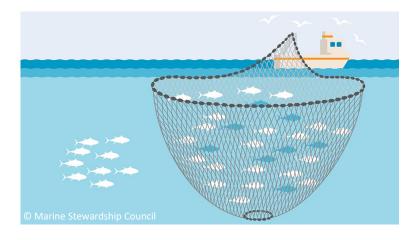








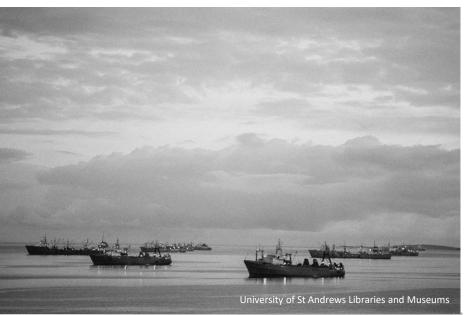




NOT ENOUGH FISH IN THE SEA...









BOOM & BUST

- Naturally variable populations
- Technological advances: larger, more efficient vessels = more fish caught & job losses

"70 drifters, 10 men on every boat, that's 700 men... I've seen two purse net boats with 20 men landing that same quantity. 20 men as opposed to 700 men"

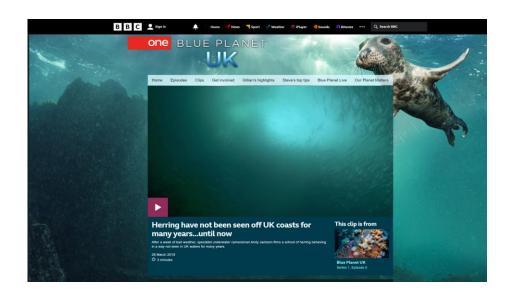
- Jim Muir, herring fisherman, Coigach Peninsula
- The fishery collapsed in the 1970s never fully recovering on the west coast



A NEW HOPE?

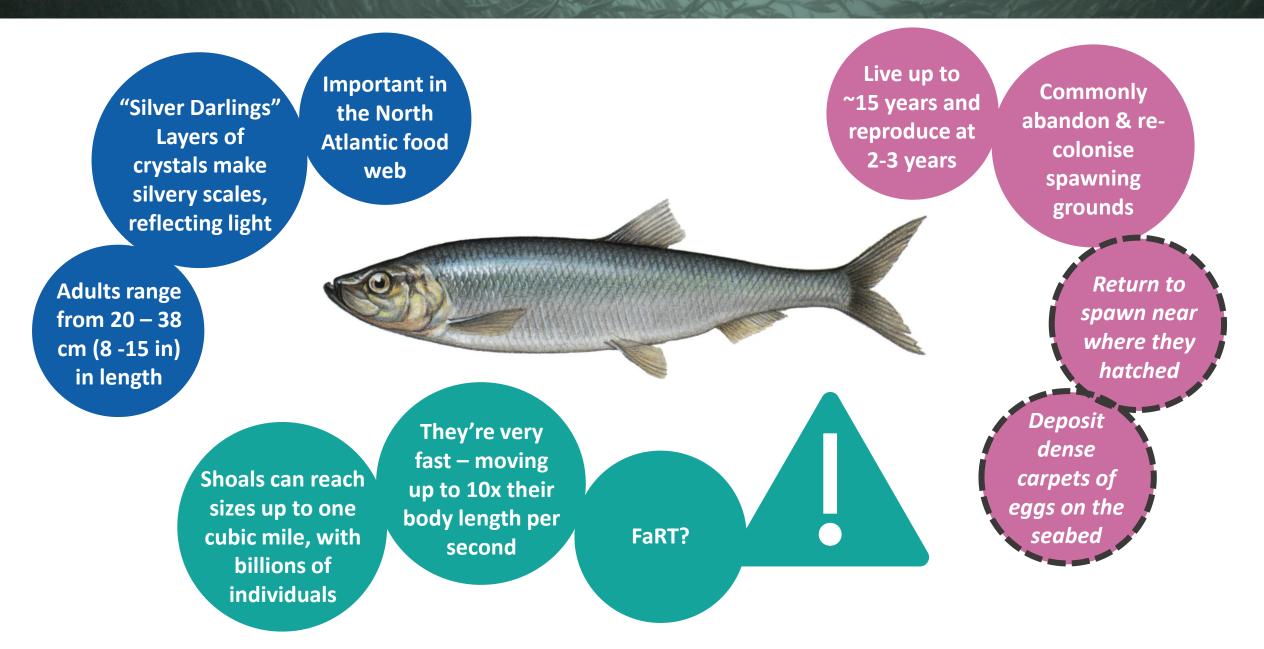
- In 2018 & 2019 large shoals of spawning herring were observed (and filmed) near Gairloch for the first time in 50 years!
- This brought back memories of past herring booms and a renewed public interest







HERRING: NOT JUST NUTRITIOUS & DELICIOUS...

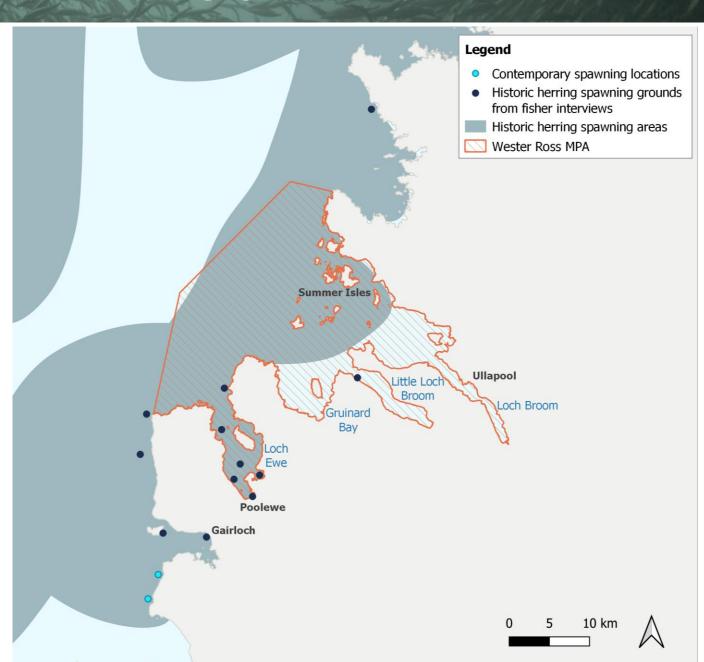


WHERE DO HERRING SPAWN?

West coast herring comes *inshore in the spring* to spawn at specific locations

Within the larger spawning "areas" are the *precise* locations where herring deposit their eggs





WHAT TYPE OF SEABED DO HERRING SPAWN ON?



Muddy sand



Burrowed mud



Kelp forests & maerl beds



Flame shell beds



Feather stars on mixed bottom



Coarse shell gravel

SPAWNING BEDS



SPAWNING: BRIEF BUT FUNDAMENTAL



THE WEST OF SCOTLAND HERRING HUNT (WOSHH)



GOALS:

- Identify and produce evidence for the conservation and restoration of herring spawning habitat on the west coast of Scotland
- Promote co-management & dialogue between marine stakeholders
- Champion the integration of essential spawning habitat into management measures



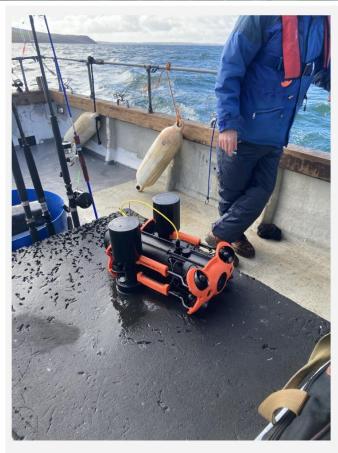
HOW YOU CAN HELP





Contribute Local Ecological Knowledge

- Interviews (historic and contemporary)
- Questionnaires
- Report herring sightings and evidence of spawning (e.g., using the web app)



Collect Spawning Habitat Information

- Drop-Down Cameras
- ROVs
- Diving
- Collation/sharing of existing data



Sample Environmental DNA & larvae

- Collect and filter sea water samples to detect herring DNA in environmental samples (selected sites only)
- Plankton sampling (read more)

EXAMPLE: eDNA & PLANKTON SAMPLING



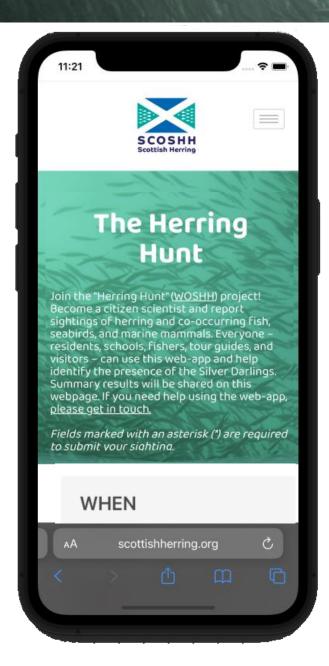




- eDNA is the DNA, shed by an organism (e.g. scales), present in the environment
- In spring WOSHH trialled the technique in Wester Ross at 3 locations (analyses ongoing)
- In parallel, Peter collected plankton samples to look for herring larvae
- Seabird (gannets, gulls, razorbill, guillemot, divers) & marine mammal feeding frenzies spotted within 2km of the eDNA sampling site
- Larvae sent to MSS for ID: confirmed as herring fry, estimated to be 3 to 4 weeks old

COMING SOON: CITIZEN-SCIENCE WEBAPP





- Get as many people out as possible hunting for herring up and down the W-coast and recording what they find
- Allowing everyone to contribute as a citizenscientist
- Identify precisely where and when herring spawns

Lewis Watson ENU, Undergraduate



SCOSHH is a website dedicated to Scottish herring. SCOSHH is a place for you to share your knowledge on Atlantic herring in Scottish seas and find out more about their ecological, economic and cultural importance.

WHY SCOTTISH HERRING?

Herring fisheries made up nearly one-third of the global fish catch in the late 19th century, bringing income and social development to coastal communities. Today, North Sea herring is still economically important, whilst West of Scotland herring never recovered from stock collapse 50 years ago. Healthy herring populations benefit not only humans, but a wide range of other species. Herring deserve our support so that resilient populations can be rebuilt in Scottish waters, where and when possible.





You might also be interested in...

This area contains resources on herring, herring fisheries, sustainability, marine and coastal management, and communities working towards more equitable and sustainable use of Scotland's seas. It is in no particular order and by no means an exhaustive list, but it's a great place to get started and will always be a work in progress. Please get in touch if you have suggestions for additional resources.

ARTICLES & REPORTS

"Essential spawning grounds of Scottish herring: current knowledge and future challenges" explores the characteristics, status, and challenges associated with identification of historic and contemporary herring spawning grounds, as well as identifying knowledge gaps regarding location and environmental status of past and current spawning grounds, particularly relevant for Scotland's west coast. Check out the references for an exhaustive list of information on herring spawning habitat in Scottish and adjacent waters.

"Recently hatched herring larvae sampled by Gairloch" is a news report on the discovery of herring larvae in spring 2022 near Gairloch, Wester Ross by the Wester Ross Fisheries Trust and Gairloch Ecocentre.

"The fish that did not get away – Tales from Herring fishers about the decline of the Wester Ross herring fishery" is an MSc thesis by Ruby Neervoort that explores the social and political changes in the Wester Ross herring fishery over the last 50 years. 2013, VU University of Amsterdam, Wester Ross Fisheries Trust, and the Scottish Association for Marine Science (SAMS).

"Herring in Divisions Assessment of the Identity of the Southern and Northern Stocks through Genetic and Morphometric Analysis. Final Report." is a report on the identity of herring stocks in ICES Divisions 6.a, 7.b and 7.c, through genetic analysis.

"Reports on the industry-science survey of herring in the Western British Isles (ICES DIV 6A,7BC)" are the Scottish Pelagic Fishermen's Association reports on industry-led herring surveys between 2016-2021.

"Species Distribution Modeling Predicts Significant Declines in Coralline Algae Populations Under Projected Climate Change With Implications for Conservation Policy" explores the projected geographic range shift of maerl in Scottish waters and informs on priority areas for future conservation efforts to maximize the long-term survival of this important ecosystem.

"Scotland's Marine Assessment 2020" reports on progress towards Scotland's vision of seas that are 'clean, healthy, safe, productive, biologically diverse marine and coastal environments, managed to meet the long-term needs of nature and people'.

"The Great Herring Mystery" is a June 1955 archival article by Norman Creighton for Canadian magazine MacLean's.

VIEW PAPER

ON THE WEB



The **Wester Ross Fisheries Trust** aims to respond to the need for solutions to fisheries problems and improve the management of wild fisheries.

VIEW WEBSITE

Check out their <u>downloads</u> page for helpful resources, including reports of herring spawning in 2018/2019 and herring larvae in Loch Gairloch in 2022, and <u>Facebook page</u> to keep up to

TAKE HOME MESSAGE

- Herring populations & the habitat they rely upon have been altered by humans
- Herring require "complex" seabed, free of sediment & build-up, for successful reproduction
- We still need to determine precisely where that habitat is & protect it
- Help herring & get involved with WOSHH!

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